

**UNIT-2>>MULTISTAGE AMPLIFIER**

**CLASS>>II<sub>ND</sub> YEAR, IV SEM**

**SUBJECT-ANALOG CIRCUITS**

**PAPER-CODE>>BT-402**

**LECTURE-NO>>2.2**

**TOPIC>>FREQUENCY RESPONSE OF SINGLE  
STAGE AMPLIFIER**

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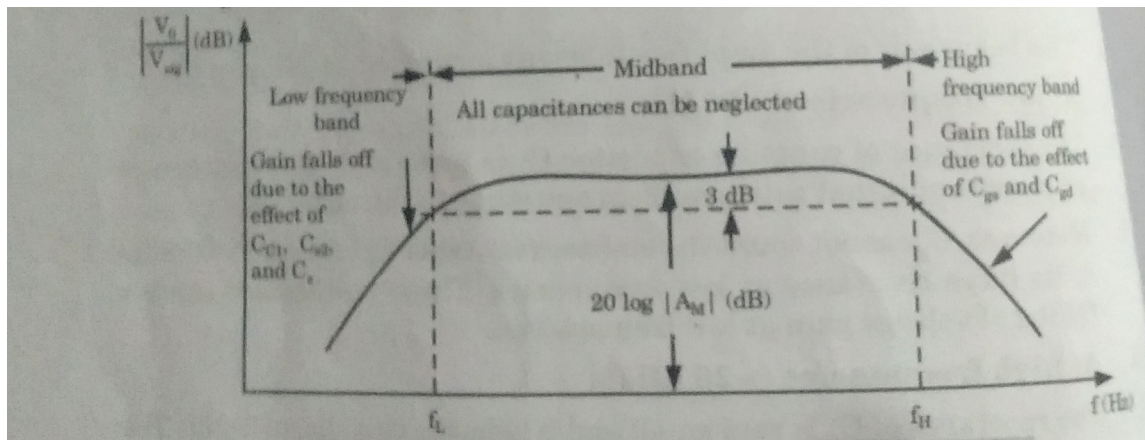
**fig** a shows the frequency response of single stage.

Here the gains fall off at signal frequencies below and above the midband. The gain falls off in low frequency band is due to the fact that even though all capacitors ( $C_{c1}$ ,  $C_{c2}$  and  $C_{c3}$ ) are large capacitors range as the single frequency is reduced, their impedance increase, and they

have no longer behave as short circuit.

On the other hand, the gain falls off in the high frequency band as a result of  $C_{gs}$  and  $C_{gd}$  which though small (in pF), their impedance at high frequency decreases thus can no longer be considered as open circuits.

The amplifier bandwidth is defined as



The figure of merit for the amplifier is its gain bandwidth product which is defined as

$$GB = |A_M| BW$$